# ccPDP4-WG Work Document Section 2.1.1 Version 03 – November 24, 2020

#### Version 03

The ccNSO Prelimenary Review Team (PRT) conducted an analysis of the proposed overall IDN ccTLD policy by comparing the proposed policy with current state of affairs under the Fast Track Process and also looking at 2 other developments. The findings were reported per main section of the proposed overall policy (Table 1-6 3 below), by: 1. **Section in Document.** Reference to the specific section in the 2013 Board Report 5 (https://ccnso.icann.org/sites/default/files/filefield 41859/idn-ccpdp-board-26sep13en.pdf), 6 2. **Topic.** Description of the topic as included in that Board Report, 7 3. Comment/Rationale for review/inclusion in list. The PRT comment and/or rationale for review and 8 inclusion in the topics in the list, and 9 4. **Proposed next step.** The PRT advise to the Council on how to proceed to resolve the issues identified by 10 the RT. 11 For consideration by the WG is, with exception of the section in Board Report on confusingly similarity, the 12 deliberation on Variant Management and the de-selection of IDN ccTLD strings, to add two additional columns to the 13 14 tables: WG view wording needs to be adjusted? Response would Y(es) or N(o) 15 5. **Proposed wording by WG.** The wording the WG proposes for the section 16 As noted in the Charter of the WG and Issue report the topics of confusingly similarity, Variant Management and the 17 de-selection of IDN ccTLD strings are dealt with through sub-groups who are expected to develop their own working 18 19 method and approach.

#### **Board report section 2. ccNSO Recommendation** At its meeting on 10 April 2013 the ccNSO Council adopted all proposals contained in the Final Report as submitted to the Chair of the ccNSO Council on 1 April 2013 (section 2 of the Final Report) and are deemed to be the Council Recommendation and are presented as such. To be replaced in time with section on process 2.1 Policy proposals for IDN ccTLD String Selection Criteria, Requirements and Processes 2.1.1 Overall Principles The purpose of the overarching principles is to set the parameters within which the policy recommendations have been developed, should be interpreted and implemented. They take into account the experiences of the IDN Fast Track Process and subsequent discussions. They have been developed to structure, guide and set conditions for the recommended policy, its implementation and future interpretation.

1. **Association of the (IDN) country code Top Level Domain with a territory.** For purposes of this policy "Territory" or "Territories" are defined as a country, a sub-division, or other area of particular geopolitical interest listed on the 'International Standard ISO 3166, Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions – Part 1: Country Codes', or, in some exceptional cases a country, a sub-division, or other area of particular geopolitical interest listed for an exceptionally reserved ISO 3166-1 code element.

Under the current policy for the delegation of (ASCII) ccTLDs<sup>1</sup>, the country codes associated with **Territories** are eligible for delegation as a ccTLD. Only IDN ccTLD strings associated with a **Territory** are eligible to be delegated as a ccTLD.

### Original Text:

Under the current policy for the delegation of (ASCII) ccTLDs, the two letter ASCII codes associated with the territories listed in the ISO 3166-1 standard are eligible for delegation as a ccTLD. Only the same territories shall be eligible to select IDN ccTLD strings.

Section Document	Topic	Comment/Rationale for review / inclusion in list	PRT Proposed next step	WG view wording needs to be adjusted?	Proposed wording by WG
2.1.1 (I)	See above.	Ensure consistency with the delegation procedure for ASCII ccTLDs.	No review needed.		Comment: Link was defined long back. Under 1 territory several IDNs possible. One single language might be spoken

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> RFC 1591 as interpreted by the Framework of Interpretation (<a href="https://ccnso.icann.org/sites/default/files/filefield\_46435/foi-final-07oct14-en.pdf">https://ccnso.icann.org/sites/default/files/filefield\_46435/foi-final-07oct14-en.pdf</a>)

Maintain basic principle that "IANA (ICANN) is not in the process to determine what is and what is	in various territories. Several languages in 1 territory is a common example. We have to discuss this carefully.
not a country".  No review needed.	Comment: Territories? No reference to countries? Refernece to verb "select" Comment: criteria section clarification on role of languages.
	Action: define what is meant by "territory". Include definition in terminology doc Revisit in future the verb

 II. (ASCII) ccTLD and IDN ccTLDs are all country code Top Level Domains. (ASCII) ccTLD and IDN ccTLDs are all country code Top Level Domains and as such are associated with a Territory. Whilst there may be additional, specific provisions required for IDN ccTLDs, due to their nature (for example criteria

for the selection of an IDN ccTLD string) all country code Top Level Domains should be treated in the same manner. Section 2.1.1 (II) No comments from the Preliemnary Review Team Review terminology, to align with the terminology an defined terms of ISO 3166 Standard. This Standard is fundamental inthsi context. Question: include a reference to outcome of the GAC WG Geographic Names? Note BB: The GAC Geographic Names WG focused on use of geographic names as gTLDs, and use of geographic terms as Second Level Domains. This policy focuses omn ccTLDs which by definition are Geographic Names (see defition). The use of geographic names as second level domains under ccTLDs is a local matter and outside the policy remit of the ccNSO. 

1	Duggarya goografity, stability and intercongrability of the DNC. To the system different and/on additional
2	III. Preserve security, stability and interoperability of the DNS. To the extent different and/or additional rules are implemented for IDN ccTLDs, these rules should:
	- Preserve and ensure the security and stability of the DNS;
3	- Ensure adherence with the RFC 5890, RFC 5891, RFC 5892, RFC 5893 [and ICANN IDN guidelines].
4	- Take into account and be guided by the Principles for Unicode Code Point Inclusion in Labels in the
5	DNS Root (RFC 6912).
6 7	DNS Root (RPC 0912).
8 9	Is this list complete? Should other references be included in this principle, bearing in mind the purpose of this section?
10	As reminder from introduction to section 2.1.1:
11	The purpose of the overarching principles is to set the parameters within which the policy recommendations have
12	been developed, should be interpreted and implemented. They take into account the experiences of the IDN Fast
13	Track Process and subsequent discussions. They have been developed to structure, guide and set conditions for the
14	recommended policy, its implementation and future interpretation.
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16	Reframing the question: Do the references as included set the parameters as intended?
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Section Document	Торіс	Comment/Rationale for review / inclusion in list	PRT Proposed next step	WG view wording needs to be adjusted?	Proposed wording by WG
2.1.1(III)	See above		No review needed.		The doc ref'd in line 5 is RFC 6912. Should we look into including RFC5894 and RFC5895? 2 additional informational RFC's. Additional work on RZ-LGR was done in the meanwhile. Variants of TLDs. it also identifies if a TLD is technically valid, based on the criteria used to develop the technical doc or the LGR for the RZ IDN Guidelines: <a href="https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/implementation-guidelines-2012-02-25-en[icann.org]">https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/implementation-guidelines-2012-02-25-en[icann.org]</a> Current applicable version is 3.0 Root Zone Label Generation Rules: <a href="https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/root-zone-lgr-2015-06-21-en[icann.org]">https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/root-zone-lgr-2015-06-21-en[icann.org]</a> The IDNA protocol is defined in RFCs 5890-93; in addition there are informational RFCs 5894-95 (implementation guidelines of sorts Refer in section 2.1.1 to basic documents that inform policy and provide basis for interpretation of policy Using implementation work in the principle document does not make sense

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#### From FIP version March 2019 (current version)

- 3 Section 3.5.1 (Technical String Criteria), page 11-12
- 4 The string must meet the criteria of the current or any subsequent versions of the ICANN Guidelines for the Implementation of
- 5 Internationalized Domain Names. This includes:
- All code points in a single string must be taken from the same script as determined by the *Unicode Standard Annex #24: Unicode Script Property*.
- 8 Exceptions to this guideline are permissible for languages with established orthographies and conventions that require the commingled use of
- 9 multiple scripts. However, even with this exception, visually confusable characters from different scripts will not be allowed to coexist in a
- single set of permissible code points unless a corresponding policy and character table are clearly defined. Further, the IDN Guidelines contain
- 11 a requirement for IDN registries to develop IDN Tables. The IDN Table(s) must be submitted to ICANN along with the request for an IDN ccTLD.
- 12 The IDN ccTLD requesters are encouraged to:
- 13 1. Use and refer to already existing IDN Tables
- 14 2. Cooperate in development of the IDN Table(s).
- 15 Section 5.1.1 (Preparation Stage), page 19
- 16 In the Preparation Stage, the requester undertakes preparatory work to enter the Fast Track Process. Primary preparation activities include
- 17 identification, selection, and development of:
  - The language(s) and script(s) for the IDN ccTLD string(s),
  - Selection of the string(s) representing the name of country or territory for the IDN ccTLD(s), and
    - The development of the associated IDN Table(s) and identification of any potential variant characters. The IDN table(s) must be submitted to ICANN as part of the required supporting documentation for the request.

Ongoing Process. Requests for the delegation of IDN ccTLDs should be an ongoing process and requests IV. CAN BE submitted at any time. Currently the delegation of a ccTLD can be requested at any time, once all the criteria are met.

## Added the words CAN BE

Criteria determine the number of IDN ccTLDs. The criteria to select the IDN ccTLD string should ٧. determine the number of eligible IDN ccTLDs per Territory, not an arbitrarily set number.

Section Document	Торіс	Comment/Rationale for review / inclusion in list	PRT Proposed next step	WG view wording needs to be adjusted?	Proposed wording by WG
2.1.1 (V)	See Above	Any criteria for the selection of an IDN ccTLD must be based on the link between the IDN ccTLD and the Territory for which it is proposed.  Agreed: the criteria are defined in section 2.1.2	No review needed.		Comment: 15 scripts, 23 languages in India. Thankful to community and icann to support us. Not only languages and scripts. 100s of dialects under a language. Internet communication: best via own language/dialect/script. No restrictions in number of IDN ccTLDs. ICANN to review the number of IDN ccTLDs regularly. To be discussed with the territory if IDN ccTLDs are not being used.

		Response: Part of the discussion around the de- selection of IDN ccTLDs. To be addressed by one of the sub- WGs