#### TABLES FOR THE RPM SUNRISE & TRADEMARK CLAIMS DATA REQUESTS APPROVED BY THE GNSO COUNCIL

Prepared for RPM Data Sub Team Use by ICANN Staff – 16 February 2018

#### **TABLE 1: SURVEYS OF VARIOUS TARGET GROUPS**

1. Survey of New gTLD Registry Operators (RO) **Purpose & Scope Relevant Charter Question** Sub Team's Suggested Draft Questions, Notes & Additional Guidance Anecdotal Questions **Data Questions** Survey Introduction: This question is a subjective one that can only be answered by trademark holders. Some information that might contribute to a greater understanding of this question: Does Registry Sunrise or • Did/do you view the Sunrise • [can ask, but likely won't get Obtain anecdotal evidence • to facilitate Working Group Premium Name pricing period as providing a valuable answered] Did you receive any review of Sunrise Charter practices unfairly limit the service? complaints on behalf of brand Question #2 (whether ability of trademark owners • Was Sunrise participation owners/registrants about your Sunrise and/or Premium to participate during something that you Sunrise pricing, including premium Pricing affects trademark Sunrise? encouraged? Was it part of pricing that applied during (TM) holders' ability to • If so, how extensive is this your strategy/how did you Sunrise? • Did you operate a formal (or participate in Sunrise) problem? market it? o If yes, what practices or informal) premium pricing policies did you implement challenge process for brand to encourage Sunrise owners? Did ROs registrations? offer/accommodate them? o If no, why not? • Will you provide your standard 0 Regardless of your answer Sunrise pricing compared to above, do you have GA? What about your premium

Comment [2]: \_Accepted suggestion\_

Deleted: 27 November

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		<ul> <li>suggestions for other policies that would have made Sunrise more effective and balanced in protecting brand owners' rights in your TLD(s). What are they? Why do you suggest them?</li> <li>If you have received complaints on behalf of brand owners/registrants about your Sunrise pricing, please share any steps you took to resolve the complaint and how those steps were received.</li> <li>If you offered premium pricing (during Sunrise, for names in the TMCH), how did that work?</li> <li>What steps did you take to avoid overlap between premium pricing and Sunrise Registrations?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>pricing?</li> <li>Did you offer premium pricing (during Sunrise, for names in the TMCH)?</li> <li>How many Sunrise registrations did you process?</li> <li>Please provide your standard Sunrise pricing, standard general availability pricing, and premium pricing.</li> </ul>	Comment [4]: Also, purpose statement is not neutral. Deleted: Purpose of the RPMs is to protect trademark
		<ul> <li>If so, how did that work?</li> <li>In your opinion, what does</li> </ul>		rights. If you did not participate, did you think RPMs were not protecting trademark owners? Comment [8]: In creating your reserved names lists, how did you deal with trademarked terms?
		'effectiveness' mean for RPMs?		Comment [9]: move to anecdotal
		<ul> <li>Should Sunrise and Claims be both required or be alternative options?</li> </ul>		Deleted: <#>Did you reserve domain names that you knew were trademarks? .
Obtain anecdotal evidence	Are Registry Operator	<ul> <li>In creating your Reserved</li> </ul>	o	 Comment [5]: Without a definition this is not helpful. The surveyor could define "trademarked" but we have to deal with the issue of marks like Apple somehow.
to facilitate Working Group review of Sunrise Charter Question #4 (whether	reserved names practices unfairly limiting participation in Sunrise by	Names lists, how did you dealwith trademarked terms?If you reserve names for	Did you check to see if your reserved names list included trademarked names?	Comment [6]: An alternative question suggested: Did you employ any mechanism in selecting reserved names to exempt terms that were trademarked? (might be problematic legally)

registry use of Reserved Names lists affects TM holders' ability to participate in Sunrise)	<ul> <li>trademark holders?</li> <li>Should Section 1.3.3 of Specification 1 of the Registry Agreement be modified to address these concerns?</li> <li>Should Registry Operators be required to publish their reserved names lists what Registry concerns would be raised by that publication, and what problem(s) would it solve?</li> <li>Should Registries be required to provide Trademark Owners in the TMCH notice, and the opportunity to register the domain name should the Registry release it - what Registry concerns would be raised by this requirement?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>political or legal reasons specific to your jurisdiction, how did you select these terms?</li> <li>Would you support an ICANN policy (such as through a modification to Section 1.3.3 of Spec 1 of the RA) that required ROs to publish their reserved names lists?</li> <li>Why or why not? Specifically would such publication violate any local laws?</li> <li>Should domain names on the reserved list that match entries in the TMCH, be offered first to brand owners? Why or why not?</li> <li>Alternatively, should RO's notify brand owners when a reserved name matching a TMCH entry is sold to a 3P (even if the Claims period is over)? Why or why not?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Did you reserve names for political or legal reasons specific to your jurisdiction?</li> <li>Are they blocked or can the names be released to certain parties? How many names are in this category?</li> </ul>	
Obtain anecdotal evidence to facilitate Working Group review of Sunrise Charter Question #5 (whether there should be mandatory/optional Sunrise, and the efficacy of a 30-day mandatory minimum Sunrise period)	<ul> <li>(a) Does the current 30-day minimum for a Sunrise Period serve its intended purpose, particularly in view of the fact that many registry operators actually ran a 60-day Sunrise Period?</li> <li>Are there any unintended results?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If you did not run any Sunrise period for longer than 30 days, why not?</li> <li>If you run any Sunrise period for longer than 30 days:         <ul> <li>What were the benefits (to the registry or to brand owners)?</li> <li>What were the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Did you run any Sunrise period for longer than 30 days?         <ul> <li>If so, how many days?</li> </ul> </li> <li>When did you get the bulk of your registrations?</li> <li>Did you have a lot of queries regarding the Sunrise registration?</li> <li>How many Sunrise registrations did you process?</li> </ul>	 Comment [10]: General comments on these questions: * Some of these questions will need threshold questions to be answered first. * Need to give direction to the survey provider. * Could the survey provider do phone surveys? The provider should suggest the appropriate vehicle to carry out the surveys.

Obtain anecdotal evidence to facilitate Working Group review of Sunrise Charter Question #12 (whether there is a need for priority or special rules for specialized gTLDs)	<ul> <li>Should Sunrise Registrations have priority over other registrations under specialized gTLDs?</li> <li>Should there be a different rule for some registries, such as specialized gTLDs (e.g. community or geo TLDs), based on their published registration/eligibility policies? Examples include POLICE.PARIS and POLICE.NYC for geo-TLDs, and WINDOWS.CONSTRUCTION for specialized gTLDs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Should there be special rules to give precedence to certain groups?</li> <li>If you have a restricted-use TLD, then(ask follow up anecdotal questions)</li> <li>If any registry that you operate has registration eligibility restrictions, have you had to balance those restrictions against Sunrise requirements?         <ul> <li>If so, what have you done to accommodate both?</li> </ul> </li> <li>What difficulties did you encounter?</li> <li>How could the ICANN brand protection policies like Sunrise or Claims be altered to better accommodate restricted TLDs (like Community or GeoTLDs)?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Is your TLD a Restricted TLD?</li> <li>How many of your TLDs were community, geo, restricted by eligibility terms, etc?</li> </ul>	Deleted: New data question: h         Comment [11]: add description of TLDs restricted by eligibility terms.         Comment [12]: Include definitions for survey providers.
If a RO ran an Approved Launch Program (ALP), Qualified Launch Program (QLP) and/or Limited Registration Period (LRP) – obtain feedback on whether, and if so what aspects of, the programs should be reviewed (Sunrise Charter Question #8)	<ul> <li>Are Limited Registration Periods in need of review vis a vis the Sunrise Period? Approved Launch Programs? Qualified Launch programs?</li> <li>Are the ALP and QLP periods in need of review?</li> <li>What aspects of the LRP are in need of review?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Did you encounter any unanticipated startup issues with these programs - specifically, what barriers (if any) did you encounter as you rolled out Limited Registration Periods? Approved Launch Programs and Qualified Launch Programs? How (if at all) did your LRP, QLP or ALP interact with the Sunrise Period? Please</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Did you offer any Approved Launch, Qualified Launch, Limited Registration, or Founder's periods (or any similar pre-GA program that limited participants? [If no, stop here.]</li> <li>Which did you launch? Add a new comment for each.</li> </ul>	Deleted: c

		<ul> <li>provide some examples.</li> <li>How were you able to reconcile your plans for ALP, LRP and QLP with the ICANN requirements to offer Sunrise and Claims? Explain as specifically as possible.</li> <li>What suggestions do you have for future New gTLD roll-outs? What rules, if any, would you recommend for resolving these issues that you have raised above? How could pre-General Availability periods be made more accessible and successful?</li> </ul>	
If a RO offered an Internationalized Domain Name (IDN) gTLD – obtain feedback on the efficacy of Sunrise for IDN gTLDs (Sunrise Charter Question #11)	<ul> <li>How effectively can trademark holders who use non-English scripts/languages able to participate in Sunrise (including IDN Sunrises), and should any of them be further "internationalized" (such as in terms of service providers, languages served)?</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Are you operating an IDN TLD?</li> <li>Are you offering second level domains in any IDN script? <ul> <li>[If no to both, skip]</li> </ul> </li> <li>Did you receive any Sunrise registrations in any of your supported SLD IDN languages? If so, what percentage of your Sunrise registrations were for IDN domains?</li> <li>Did you receive inquiries about Sunrise registrations for IDN domain names that you didn't support?</li> <li>Did you hear from brand owners in the areas targeted by your IDN who did not understand how to participate in Sunrise or the</li> </ul>

			<ul> <li>TMCH?</li> <li>Did you offer any special registration periods for IDN domain names apart from the TMCH/Sunrise period?</li> </ul>
If a RO operates in a jurisdiction where profane or other words (strings) are prohibited – obtain feedback on its use of Reserved Names lists (Sunrise Charter Question #4)	<ul> <li>Are Registry Operator reserved names practices unfairly limiting participation in Sunrise by trademark holders?</li> <li>Should Section 1.3.3 of Specification 1 of the Registry Agreement be modified to address these concerns?</li> <li>Should Registry Operators be required to publish their reserved names lists - - what Registry concerns would be raised by that publication, and what problem(s) would it solve?</li> <li>Should Registries be required to provide Trademark Owners in the TMCH notice, and the opportunity to register the domain name should the Registry release it – what Registry concerns would be raised by this requirement?</li> </ul>	MERGED WITH THE SIMILAR QUESTION ABOVE.	MERGED WITH THE SIMILAR QUESTION ABOVE.

Obtain feedback from ROs who may believe that their business models (e.g. geo, community or other specialized TLDs) possess attributes that warrant a non-uniform policy in relation to Claims (Claims Charter Question #5)	<ul> <li>Should the Trademark Claims period continue to be uniform for all types of gTLDs in subsequent rounds?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If you offered an extended Claims period, why?</li> <li>Do you believe the Claims period was effective for preventing cybersquatting? Why or why not?</li> <li>If ICANN did not mandate a Claims period, but the TMCH still existed, would you voluntarily offer one? If so, what would you do same/different?</li> <li>If you run a registry that has an eligibility-restricted TLD, or that offered LRP(s), a QLP, and ALP or other Founders-type program, were there any aspects of the Claims service that didn't work specifically for those TLDs/periods? What aspects? What changes would you make to better align these periods with the Claims service?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Did you offer an extended Claims period? If so, for how long?</li> </ul>
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Purpose & Scope	Relevant Charter Question	Sub Team's Suggested Draft Question	s, Notes & Additional Guidance
		Anecdotal Questions	Data Questions
		be answered by trademark holders. Re of information to inform this, although	have had feedback from their customers.
Obtain anecdotal evidence to facilitate Working Group review of Sunrise Charter Questions #4 & #5 (i.e. ROs' use of Reserved Names lists; mandatory vs. optional Sunrise; efficacy of mandatory minimum 30-day Sunrise period)	<ul> <li>Question 4:</li> <li>Are Registry Operator reserved names practices unfairly limiting participation in Sunrise by trademark holders?</li> <li>Should Section 1.3.3 of Specification 1 of the Registry Agreement be modified to address these concerns?</li> <li>Should Registry Operators be required to publish their reserved names lists what Registry concerns would be raised by that publication, and what problem(s) would it solve?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If you did not participate in Sunrise, why?</li> <li>Have you had feedback from your customers regarding their experiences with registry reserved names in the context of that registry's Sunrise – positive or negative (for example, regarding names matching a trade mark being unavailable for registration or only available at a premium price)</li> <li>How do you get notified of registry reserved names? Do you have experience that the advance notice is either adequate or inadequate?</li> <li>Do you have any comments on the proposal that registries should publish their lists of reserved names?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Did you participate in Sunrise?</li> <li>What percentage of registries publish a list of reserved names on their website, provide a list to their accredited registrar, confirm that a name is reserved (either unavailable, or available at a premium price) only once you try to register? Other?</li> <li>How far in advance are reserved names notified to you?</li> </ul>

**Comment [13]:** This comment referred to Q4 rather than all of the Registrar questions

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**Comment [20]:** This question was originally draft for registry operators. Sub Team feedback suggested to move this question for registrars. The exact placement of the question may need to be adjusted.

 $\label{eq:comment 21: Suggested on the last call that we swap the order of Charter Qs 4 and 5. Then the "do you participate in Sunrise" and "if not why not" questions could stay here at the start of the registrar section Charter Q 5.$ 

**Comment [22]:** If the answer to this is no; go to the "if not why not" question and then on to the next section fo questions (which would now be the ones relating to Charter Q4

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**Comment [14]:** Examples: Brand owners that couldn't get their brand due to reserved names list OR registrants that didn't get a name they wanted because the names was "protectively reserved" for a brand.

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Deleted: When name collision names were released from reservation, trademark owners with a mark in the TMCH were given a right of first refusal. What was your experience of this, what went well? Were there any technical or other issues?Do you have any experience of this, if so, what went well? Were there any technical or other issues?

	-		1			
required to provide	•	Some in the Community have				Deleted:
Trademark Owners in		suggested that if a registry plans				Deleted: f
the TMCH notice, and		to release reserved names for				
the opportunity to		registration they should be				Deleted: were to
register the domain		offered first to trademark				
name should the		<mark>owners with a mark in the</mark>				
Registry release it –		TMCH. What would be the				
what Registrar, concerns		challenges, if any, to doing so,				Deleted: y
would be raised by this		from a technical, operational or				
requirement?		other perspective? Would there				
		be a way to do this which would				Deleted: , what would be the best way to do this from
		be less problemmatic? or more				your perspective as a registrar? A second
		so? Consider for example			12	Deleted: ?
		<u>multiple</u> Sunrise <u>s, a</u> right of first			J.	Deleted: A
		refusal, or some other process, If				Deleted: ?
		you have positive or negative				Comment [15]: Combine these two questions in one.
		experiences from the process				
		when names collision names				Comment [16]: Rewrite this questions:
		were released from reservation				Should registry reserved names be offered first to
		that you can share to illustrate			11	trademark owners with a mark in the TMCH? What
		your response please do so.			1	would be the best way to do this? What, if any, technical issues need to be taken into account?
	•	↓				<b>Deleted:</b> What of any concerns would this raise for you as
Question 5:	•	From your experience as a	•	Did you encounter a Sunrise longer	11	a registrar?
(a) Does the current 30-day		registrar: Are there any benefits		than 30 or 60 days?	J// ,	Comment [18]: I don't disagree with the question, but I
minimum for a Sunrise		or disadvantages to a Sunrise	•	What notice [maximum & minimum	///	think as redrafted the above bullet point now captures
Period serve its intended		which is 30 days (start date		/ on average] do you generally get		Comment [19]: If the answer to this is no; go to the "if
purpose, particularly in view		Sunrise); are there any		of the commencement of a start		not why not" question and then on to the next section fo questions (which would now be the ones relating to
of the fact that many		advantages and disadvantages		date Sunrise? And an end-date		Charter Q4
registry operators actually		to a 60-day (end date) Sunrise?		Sunrise?	1	Deleted: What would be the consequences to you if the
ran a 60-day Sunrise Period?		Does having two models make it	•	Have you experienced the duration		registry were to release the reserved name?
Are there any		difficult for you?		of a Sunrise being extended when		Comment [23]: Should place this section of questions
unintended results?	•	Do you consider the notice that		already underway. How much		above Question 4
• Does the ability of		you get of Sunrise		notice did you get?		Comment [24]: Split this question into multiple questions.



Registry Operators to expand their Sunrise	commencement to be adequate? If not why not? What	Deleted: <#>Do you get adequate notice of the commencement of Sunrises? .
Periods create uniformity concerns	<ul> <li>would be adequate notice?</li> <li>Do you consider that the notice</li> </ul>	<b>Deleted:</b> If you do not get adequate notice of the commencement of Sunrises, w
that should be	that you get of_	Deleted: If you do not get adequate notice regarding
addressed by this WG?	changes/extension of the	
• Are there any benefits	Sunrise term is adequate? If not	
observed when the	why not? What would be	Deleted: , w
Sunrise Period is	adequate notice?	
extended beyond 30	<ul> <li>Would there be any benefits, or</li> </ul>	
days?	disadvantages, to all registries	
<ul> <li>Are there any</li> </ul>	running the same standardized-	
disadvantages?	term Sunrise?	
	<ul> <li>What would be the advantages</li> </ul>	
(b) In light of evidence	and disadvantages of making	
gathered above, should the	only the Claims or the Sunrise	
Sunrise Period continue to	mandatory. If a registry could	
be mandatory or become	choose only one, what would be	
optional?	the advantages and	
• Should the WG consider	disadvantages for you as a	
returning to the original	registrar?	
recommendations from	<ul> <li>Would there be an alternative</li> </ul>	
the IRT and STI of	duration of Sunrise to either of	Comment [25]: We discussed this on the call, and thi
Sunrise Period OR	the current 30 and 60 day options	seems the appropriate place to capture this
Trademark Claims in	which would work better for you	
light of other concerns	and why?	
including freedom of		
expression and fair use?		
<ul> <li>In considering</li> </ul>		
mandatory vs optional,		
should Registry		
Operators be allowed to		
choose between Sunrise		
and Claims (that is,		

	make ONE mandatory)?		
Specific survey questions for Claims Charter Question #1: 1.What is the abandonment rate associated with reasons other than only a Claims notice being triggered? What is the difference between abandonment rates between those that trigger Claims Notices, and	Is the Trademark Claims service having its intended effect? Consider the following questions specifically in the context both of a Claims Notice as well as a Notice of Registered Name: a. Is the Trademark Claims service having its intended effect of deterring bad-faith		<ul> <li>Do you have any records of the "abandonment rate" (i.e., domain name applicants who request the registration of a particular domain but do not go through to complete the payment)?</li> <li>If so, what are the rates of abandonment for legacy TLDs and ccTLDs?</li> <li>What is the abandonment rate for a New gTLD during the Claims period – both for names which receive</li> </ul>
those that don't?	registrations and providing notice to domain name applicants?		Claims Notices and those which do D not? And after the Claims period?
2. Is there anecdotal data explaining why potential registrants did not complete registrations?	<ul> <li>b. Is the Trademark</li> <li>Claims service having any unintended</li> <li>consequences, such as deterring good-faith</li> <li>domain name</li> <li>applications?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do you capture any feedback from registrants as to why they do not complete a purchase on receipt of a Claims Notice?         <ul> <li>If yes, what are the feedback?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Do you have any views of your own as to why registrants do not</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>NOTE: "follow on" question for Claims Charter Question #1, -</li> <li>If the answers to 1.a. is "no" or 1.b. is "yes", or if it could be better:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>complete a purchase?</li> <li>Some in the Community think that the duration of the Claims period should be changed. If the Claims period were to be extended, would there be any technical, operational or other</li> </ul>	

3. At what point in the registration process is a trademark record downloaded? Does this happen when domain names are placed in carts, or does it happen when payment/attempted registrations are done later in the process?	<ul> <li>What about the Trademark Claims Notice and/or the Notice of Registered Name should be adjusted, added or eliminated in order for it to have its intended effect, under each of the following questions?</li> <li>a. Should the Claims period be extended - if so, for how long (up to permanently)?</li> <li>b. Should the Claims period be shortened?</li> <li>c. Should the Claims period be mandatory?</li> <li>d. Should any TLDs be exempt from the Claims RPM and if so, which ones and why?</li> <li>e. Should the proof of use</li> </ul>	concerns? If the Claims period were reduced would there be any technical, operational or other concerns? If you have experiences in relation to Registries which operated an extended Claims period which would illustrate your answer please share them         • At what point in the registration process is a trademark record downloaded? Does this happen when domain names are placed in carts, or does it happen when payment/attempted registrations are done later in the process?         • Do you collect any feedback from your customers regarding their understanding of the trademark Claims Notice? Is there any particular wording
4. Many registrars take orders for domain names before general availability –	requirements for Sunrise be extended to include the issuance of TMCH notices?	<ul> <li>which is generally well understood, or misunderstood?</li> <li>What, if any, challenges do you encounter when sending Chims Notices in respect of the launch of GA?</li> <li>Do you/Did you offer pre-order for new gTLD domain names before the launch of GA?</li> </ul>
pre-orders do not normally result in Claims Notices		Pre-order names or other     • If you offer(ed) pre-order     Tegistration for new gTLD domain     Deleted: registration     Deleted: registration
being presented until within 48 hours of general availability – does this		operations?       registration for her give domain         • Were there any particular       names before the launch of GA, when was the Claims Notice         TLDs or types of TLDs where       submitted to the customer?    Comment [30]: Move this to bullet 2 in the Data/Fact column

contribute to the abandonment rate? If so, to what extent are pre-ordered domain name registrations abandoned?	 <ul> <li>the operation of the Claims was technically or operationally difficult, or where Claims was otherwise problematic or unnecessary?</li> <li>Please explain.</li> <li>What aspects of the Trademark Claims RPMs conflicted with your domain names sales/operations? Is the way the claims period described in the RPM too prescriptive?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If you capture data about "abandonment rates" what is the rate for domain pre-orders compared to domains which were not pre-ordered?</li> </ul>	Comment [27]: Ask questions along this line: *Should domain name applicants receive Claims Notice only: - at the time they apply for the domain name - at the time their domain name is registered? Please explain your answer. *Is the timing of receiving Claims Notice - very important - somewhat important - not important? Comment [28]: Disagree with this suggestion. This is not a question for registrars and elicits only opinion.
5. Would it be feasible for registrars to run surveys of domain name applicants during subsequent rounds of new gTLDs for anecdotal evidence on why registrations are being abandoned? Is this something ICANN should mandate?	<ul> <li>Given the registration process that you operate, would it be feasible for you <u>and/or your</u> resellers to run surveys of domain name applicants who decide not to proceed with a registration during subsequent rounds of new gTLDs for anecdotal evidence on why registrations are being abandoned?</li> <li>Are there any technical or procedural reasons which would make this impossible or disproportionately difficult or costly?</li> </ul>		We have asked for the relevant information elsewhere in terms of what feedback if any registrars have from their customers; and about issues arising from pre- order names
6. Has the TM Claims Notice been translated into the		<ul><li>Where are you (registrar) located?</li><li>What languages other than English</li></ul>	

language of the registration			do you use for your registration		
agreement and is it being			agreement with new gTLD domain		
made available to			name registrants?		
registrants in that language?		•	Do you translate the Claims Notice	 	Delete
			into all of these languages?		

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3. Survey of TM & Brand O	wners			
Purpose & Scope	Relevant Charter Question	Sub Team's Suggested Draft Question	s, Notes & Additional Guidance	
		Anecdotal Questions	Data Questions	
		the New gTLD program, and in particu ("TMCH") and the Sunrise and Tradem	ng the Rights Protection Mechanisms of Ilar the Trademark Clearing House	
Obtain feedback on Sunrise Charter Questions #2, #4 & #5 (whether Premium Pricing and the use of Premium Names and Reserved Names lists affected TM owners' willingness to participate in Sunrise; whether intended purpose of mandatory 30- day Sunrise fulfilled, and whether Sunrise should be mandatory/optional)	<ul> <li>Question 2:</li> <li>Does Registry Sunrise or Premium Name pricing practices unfairly limit the ability of trademark owners to participate during Sunrise?</li> <li>If so, how extensive is this problem?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If price impacted your ability to seek Sunrise Period registration, how did it affect your decision?</li> <li>In the gTLDs that you decided not to seek Sunrise Period registration due to price:         <ul> <li>•</li> <li>•</li></ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>Do you or your company own registrations for any trademarks?         <ul> <li>If so, how many?</li> <li>If not, stop survey.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Have you registered any of your trademarks with the TMCH?         <ul> <li>If so, how many?</li> <li>If not, stop survey.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Have you submitted Proof of Use for any of your trademarks with the TMCH in order to take part in Sunrise Services?         <ul> <li>If so, how many?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Have you applied to register any of your trademarks in a New gTLD during a Sunrise Period?         <ul> <li>If so, which ones? In what</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Deleted: Do you believe this was an unfair or premium price?
		What factors have you     considered in deciding whether     to apply to register your	gTLDs?	 Deleted: What factors have you considered in deciding whether to apply to register your trademark during any Sunrise Period?

	<ul> <li>trademark during any Sunrise Period?</li> <li>Did price impact your ability to seek Sunrise Period registration?</li> <li>Was the price of registering in a gTLD a factor in your decision whether to apply or not?</li> <li>In what gTLDs did you decide not to seek Sunrise Period registration due to price?</li> <li>What was the price you paid? If you remember the price, please indicate what it was.</li> <li>Was the reason for the pricing explained to you?</li> </ul>	•	Deleted: <#>In what gTLDs did you decide not to seek         Sunrise Period registration due to price? .         <#>Are you aware of any other trademark registration         owners who have decided not to apply to register their         trademarks as domain names during Sunrise Periods due         to the price of registration? .        [3]         Deleted: <#>Are you aware of any other trademark         owners who have decided not to apply to register their         trademarks as domain names during Sunrise Periods due         to the price of registration? .        [3]         Deleted: <#>Are you aware of any other trademark         owners who have decided not to apply to register their         trademarks as domain names during Sunrise Periods due         to the price of registration? .
Question 4: • Are Registry Operator	<ul> <li>Have you tried to register a name in Sunrise Period and</li> </ul>	•	 <b>Deleted:</b> Do you know if any of your trademarks have been reserved by any New gTLD Registry operators?
reserved names	could not? If so:	¥	 Deleted: [MAY HAVE TO EXPLAIN]
practices unfairly limiting participation in	<ul> <li>Were you informed or do you know the reason for</li> </ul>		<b>Deleted:</b> If so, have you contacted the Registry operator to inquire about these trademarks?
Sunrise by trademark holders? • Should Section 1.3.3 of	<ul> <li><u>non-registration?</u></li> <li><u>o</u> If so, what was it?</li> <li>Could you give us an example of</li> </ul>		Deleted: <#>Has your participation in Sunrise Period registration been affected by Registry Operator reservation of names? If so, how? .
Specification 1 of the Registry Agreement be	a name that you could not register in the Sunrise Period?		
modified to address these concerns? NOTE:	Have you contacted the Registry     Operator to inquire about these		
I have not included this in questions to	<ul><li>refused names? trademarks?</li><li>If you contacted the Registry</li></ul>		
trademark owners because it would be	<ul> <li>If you contacted the Registry</li> <li>Operator, were you able to get the name released to register?</li> </ul>		

beyond their	Were you able to get the name
knowledge and should	released to registration despite
be answered in	the first refusal?
response to the	<ul> <li>What did they do if</li> </ul>
information we learn	anything?
by asking Question 4 –	Do you know if any of those
not part of the	were due to the string being on
question.	the reserved name list?
Should Registry	<ul> <li>If so, please give specific</li> </ul>
Operators be required	examples.
to publish their	Should Registry Operators be     Deleted: Do you believe
reserved names lists	required to publish their Deleted: should be
what Registry concerns	reserved names lists?
would be raised by that	<ul> <li>If you answered yes, why</li> </ul>
publication, and what	should they?
problem(s) would it	o If you answered no, why
solve?	should they not publish
Should Registries be	them?
required to provide	<ul> <li>If so, what problems would Deleted: do you think</li> </ul>
Trademark Owners in	publication of these lists
the TMCH notice, and	solve or address?
the opportunity to	In the event a Registry has
register the domain	placed a trademark in its
name should the	reserved names list and later
Registry release it –	decides to release that name for
what Registry concerns	registration, should the Registry
would be raised by this	be required to provide
requirement?	Trademark Owners in the TMCH
	notice of the release?
	Should the Registry also be
	required to provide the owner of
	the released trademark/domain
	name with a priority opportunity Deleted: , and

	to register the domain name upon its release? <ul> <li>If so, why do you believe this should be the case?</li> </ul> <li>Has your participation in Sunrise Period registration been affected by Registry Operator reservation of names? If so, how?</li>		Deleted: <#>Do you believe Registries will have any issue with this requirement?[5]
Question 5: (a) Does the current 30-day minimum for a Sunrise	<ul> <li>Did you attempt to register any of your trademarks in any gTLDs</li> </ul>	• •	<b>Deleted:</b> Between the End-Date Sunrise and Start-Date Sunrise, which of the forms do you believe gave trademark owners the best ability to participate?
Period serve its intended purpose, particularly in view	<ul> <li>during the Sunrise Period?</li> <li>Did you attempt to register any</li> </ul>	•	Deleted: Did you attempt to register any of your trademarks in any gTLDs during the Sunrise Period?
of the fact that many registry operators actually	of your trademarks in any gTLDs during a Sunrise Period but you		Deleted: Did you attempt to register any of your trademarks in any gTLDs during a Sunrise Period but you missed the registration window?
<ul> <li>ran a 60-day Sunrise Period?</li> <li>Are there any</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>missed the registration window?</li> <li>If so, why did you miss the</li> </ul>		<b>Deleted:</b> If so, why did you miss the registration window end date?
<ul> <li>unintended results?</li> <li>Does the ability of Registry Operators to expand their Sunrise</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>registration window end date?</li> <li>Were you confused about the ending date of the Sunrise Period registration window?</li> </ul>		Deleted: Are you aware of any domains that contain strings that are identical to or confusingly similar to any of your TMCH registered trademarks that were applied for after the Sunrise Period?
Periods create uniformity concerns that should be	Are you aware of any domains <u>that contain strings that are</u> identical to or confusingly		Comment [33]: Staff to research the purpose of the 30- day minimum for a Sunrise Period service.
<ul> <li>addressed by this WG?</li> <li>Are there any benefits observed when the Sunrise Period is extended beyond 30</li> </ul>	similar to any of your TMCH registered trademarks that were applied for after the Sunrise Period? • Do you believe the 30-day		

days?	minimum for a Sunrise Period	
Are there any	provides a sufficient period for	
disadvantages?	trademark owners to take	
	advantage of the Sunrise Period?	Deleted: serves its intended purpose? [NOTE: I think we
(b) In light of evidence	<ul> <li>Do you believe the 60-period</li> </ul>	need to identify that purpose as a preface to these
gathered above, should the	observed by many registry	questions]
Sunrise Period continue to	operators would be more	
be mandatory or become	appropriate?	
optional?	o If so, why?	Comment [35]: Input from Sub Team: Seems to get
Should the WG	<ul> <li>Are you aware of any</li> </ul>	subsumed if we rephrase anecdotal question no.2 and
consider returning to	benefits from a Sunrise	add new data questions on the right.
the original	Period extended beyond 30	
recommendations from	days?	
the IRT and STI of	• Are you aware of any	
Sunrise Period OR	disadvantages or negative	
Trademark Claims in	effects from a Sunrise Period	
light of other concerns	extended beyond 30 days?	
including freedom of	0	
expression and fair		<b>Deleted:</b> <#>What benefits have you observed when a
use?	<ul> <li>Do you believe that the Sunrise</li> </ul>	Sunrise Period is extended beyond 30 days? .
<ul> <li>In considering</li> </ul>	Period should continue to be	
mandatory vs optional,	mandatory in New gTLDs or	
should Registry	should it be optional?	
Operators be allowed	o If so, why?	Deleted: W
to choose between	o If not, why not?	Deleted: W
Sunrise and Claims	<ul> <li>Do you believe having a Sunrise</li> </ul>	Deleted. W
(that is, make ONE	Period but no Claims Service	
mandatory)?	would be a better means for	
	meeting the goals of the TMCH	
	and these Rights Protection	
	Mechanisms?	
	$\circ$ If so, why?	
	• If not, why not?	
	<u></u>	

					٦			
			Do you believe, having a Claims				[	Deleted: S
			Service but no Sunrise Period				1	Deleted: , or
			would be a better means for					
			meeting the goals of the TMCH					
			and these Rights Protection					
			Mechanisms?					
			o If so, why?					
			<u>If not, why not?</u>				_	
		•	Jf you believe <u>having a Claims</u>				-1_	Deleted: <#>Why?
			Service or having a Sunrise					Deleted: one of these procedures
			Period should be made optional,					
			should Registry Operators be					
			allowed to choose which to					
			incorporate in their Registry					
			operations?				_	
			o If so, why?				1	Deleted: W
			o <u>If not, why not?</u>					
Obtain feedback on number	(a) Does the Trademark	•	What did you do in response to	How many NORNs have you				Deleted: Claims Notices
of cease-and-desist letters	Claims Notice to domain		the Notifications of Registered	received for your TMCH registered				
sent (Claims Charter	name applicants meet its		Name (NORNs)?	trademarks?			A	Deleted: itself
Question #3 – whether	intended purpose?	•	Based on your experience, do	• How many of these NORNs did you		1		Comment [37]: The Claims Notice is intended to
Claims serves its intended	i. If not, is it intimidating,		you believe the Trademark	follow up with some actions?		-//		provide clear notice to the prospective domain
purpose)	hard to understand, or		Claims Notice to domain name	<ul> <li>What actions did you take?</li> </ul>		$H^{\circ}$		nameregistrant of the scope of the Trademark Holder's rights.
	otherwise inadequate?		applicants has met its intended	(possible multiple choice)	1	$\langle \rangle$		ngnis.
	<ul> <li>If inadequate, how</li> </ul>		purpose of notifying applicants	<ul> <li>Do you believe your actions</li> </ul>	1			Reference:
	can it be		of possible conflict with a	were successful? If not, why?				http://newgtlds.icann.org/en/about/trademark-
	improved?		registered trademark?	The primary method for			4	clearinghouse/rpm-requirements-30sep13-en.pdf
	ii. Does it inform domain	•	Do you, believe the Trademark	Trademark owners would be a				Deleted: [AGAIN we might want to explain here what tha purpose is said to be in the Applicant's Guideb Book and
	name applicants of the		Claims Notice has met its	letter of concern or a cease-	<u> </u>	New York		also provide a copy for review]
	scope and limitations of		intended purpose?	and-desist letter.		an a	$\langle \rangle$	Deleted: If you do not
	trademark holders'		o lf so, why?	<ul> <li>What response did you get and</li> </ul>		1	$\setminus$	Deleted: it(a copy of which is attached)
	rights?		o If not,, why not?	are you satisfied? If so, why? If			-	
		1						Deleted: , can you say why you believe this?

	<ul> <li>If not, how can it be improved?</li> <li>iii. Are translations of the Trademark Claims Notice effective in informing domain name applicants of the scope and limitation of trademark holders' rights?</li> <li>(b) Should Claims Notifications only be sent to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Have any of the Domain Applicants you have challenged said anything about not having understood the Claims Notice?         <ul> <li>If so, what did they say?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Do you believe the Claims Notice sent to domain name applicants (a copy of which is attached) adequately inform domain name applicants of the scope and limitations of trademark holders'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>not, why not?</u></li> <li><u>Was it resolved? What was the resolution?</u></li> </ul>	Deleted: based on a registered trademark         Deleted: <#>How many of these NORNs Claims Notices did you follow with some action a cease and desist le
	registrants who complete domain name registrations, as opposed to those who are attempting to register domain names that are matches to entries in the TMCH?	rights? <ul> <li>If not, please explain.</li> <li>What might you change in the Claims Notice to better advise applicants concerned?</li> </ul> Should Claims Notice only be sent to domain name applicants.		Comment [39]: Need to include a copy of Claims Notice for survey respondent to review. Comment [40]: These questions may be hard for trademark owners to answer. Suggestion to leave out the questions about the content of the Claims Notice and instead ask about the reactions, actions, and responses by the applicants. Comment [41]: Question format: tick box
		<ul> <li>at the time they apply for the domain name</li> <li>at the time their domain name is registered?</li> <li>Please explain your answer.</li> <li>Is the timing of sending Claims</li> </ul>		Deleted: What else do you believe applicants should be advised in the Notice?         Deleted: how can it be improved?         Deleted: Notifications         Deleted: who complete domain name registrations that
Obtain feedback on actual brand owner experiences	<ul> <li>What is the evidence of harm under the existing</li> </ul>	Notice         o       very important         o       somewhat important         o       not important	<ul> <li>How many UDRP, URS or litigation proceedings have you brought</li> </ul>	are matches of trademarks registered in the TMCH, as opposed to sending Notifications to those who have applied to register domain names that are matches of trademarks registered in the TMCH? Comment [42]: Suggest to include a preamble to clarify the proper timing to send out the Claims Notice to domain name applicants. Question format: multiple choice

regarding evidence of harm intended to be addressed by	[exact match] system? <sup>1</sup>		the Trademark Claims service of notification of TMCH registration		pased on the registration and/or use of domain names for which you		
the Claims RPM (Claims			to applicants, requirement of	-	eceived a NORN?		Deleted: Trademark Claims Notice
Charter Question #4(a))			statement of non-infringement,	•	low many UDRP, URS or litigation		
			and notification of trademark	F	proceedings have you brought		
			owners upon registration of	ł	based on the registration and/or		
			TMCH registered names?	ι	ise of domain names that are exact		
		٠	Do you have any evidence of	ı	natches of your trademarks – (1)		Deleted: the
			harm being addressed before	t	hose registered in the TMCH and		Deleted: both
			the institution of the Claims		2) others?		Deleted: actually occurring prior to
			Notice?	<u> </u>	low many UDRP, URS or litigation		Deleted: service
			<ul> <li>Please describe it.</li> </ul>	F	proceedings have you brought	l	Dicture Scivice
		٠	Do you have any evidence that		based on the registration and/or		
			you, your company or your	ι	use of domain names that are not		
			trademarks, or your ability to	6	exact matches of your trademarks –		
			<mark>register domain names</mark> have		<ol> <li>those registered in the TMCH</li> </ol>		Comment [45]: Need to be rephrased to be more
			been harmed in any way by the		ind <u>(2)</u> others?	and the second	neutral.
			fact that Claims Notices are only		Of the UDRP Actions you have filed,	1	Deleted: both
			issued to Exact Match		now many have been against each		
			applications?	-	of the following:		
		•	Do you have any evidence that	-	Domain Name is exact		
			broadening the comparison		duplicate of TRADEMARK		
			bases for issuing Trademark	-	Domain Name contains exact		
			Claims Notifications to include		duplicate of TRADEMARK and		
			variants of trademarks and not		some other elements		
			only exact matches would be		Domain Name contains		
			useful and protect the rights of		intentional misspelling or		
			both trademark owners and		creative spelling of the		
			domain name applicants?		TRADEMARK (Typosquat)		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This Charter question had the following note: "In conducting this analysis, recall that IDNs and Latin-based words with accents and umlauts are currently not serviced or recognized by many registries."

your observations.
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4. Survey of Domain Na	ame Registrants			
Purpose & Scope	Relevant Charter Question	Sub Team's Suggested Draft Question	ns, Notes & Additional Guidance	
		Anecdotal Questions	Data Questions	
		registering domain names. Examples petdogs.de. In this scheme, .comuk, and .de are Domain names are used by individua merchandize, create communities, p addresses.	Ils and organizations to put up web sites, sell ublish blogs, and establish branded email v domains have been introduced. These ondon, .nyc), generic types	
Obtain anecdotal evidence on effect of Claims Notices (Claims Charter Question #1(b))	<ul> <li>Is the Trademark Claims service having any unintended consequences, such as deterring good-faith domain name applications?<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If you have, within the last three years, registered or even initiated the registration of a domain in of the "new" types of top-level domains, please type the first three letter of the top-level domain where</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Have you applied to register a New gTLD Domain Name?         <ul> <li>If No: Go to Potential Registrants Qs in Section 5</li> <li>If Yes: Go the next Q in Section 4</li> </ul> </li> <li>Have you registered a New gTLD Domain Name?</li> </ul>	Comment [48]: The whole goal is to get reach registrants who tried to register domain names started the registration process even if they did not complete it after a TM Notice popped up. Comment [49]: The surveyor should have thoughts about the best way to screen for the kinds of people who are likely to encounter this processthose who are likely registrants. Deleted: <#>Have you ever registered a domain n . [ [8]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Note the "follow on" question if the answer to this sub-question is Yes: "What about the Trademark Claims Notice and/or the Notice of Registered Name should be adjusted, added or eliminated in order for it to have its intended effect, under each of the following questions?

- c. Should the Claims period be mandatory?
- d. Should any TLDs be exempt from the Claims RPM and if so, which ones and why?
- e. Should the proof of use requirements for Sunrise be extended to include the issuance of TMCH notices?

a. Should the Claims period be extended - if so, for how long (up to permanently)?

b. Should the Claims period be shortened?

Obtain "more granular data about the percentage of those who abandoned registration attempts in response to a notice based on dictionary terms versus those who abandoned attempts in response to distinctive trademarks" (quote from Sub Team report on Claims Charter Question #1(b))	<ul> <li>Is the Trademark Claims service having any unintended consequences, such as deterring good-faith domain name applications?<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>you registered a name.</li> <li>How did you react to objection to your choice of a domain name? <ul> <li>Proceeded? Why?</li> <li>Did not proceed? Why?</li> </ul> </li> <li>[after opportunity for verbatim response, some selections about reasonsnot worth the time, not sure about legal rights, not sure if I would get suedphrasing to be discussed with surveyor]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If No: Go to Potential Registrants Qs in Section 5</li> <li>If Yes: Go to next Q in Section 4</li> <li>Have you, within the last three years, registered or initiated the registration of a domain in of the "new" types of top-level domains? These domains might be: city types</li> <li>(e.g., .london, .nyc), generic types</li> <li>(e.g., .club, .art, .vip, .shop, .blog, .eco).</li> <li>If you attempted to register a domain name, did you receive an objection based on trademark to your object of domain pame 2</li> </ul>		Comment [50]: Survey provider to recommend ways to best funnel respondents, and let them easily flow from questions in Section 4 to questions in Section 5. Consider designing gateway survey questions that can lead to follow up questions suitable for three groups of
Obtain feedback on number of cease-and- desist letters received	(a) Does the Trademark Claims Notice to domain name applicants meet its	[Repeat as necessary if there are additional domain names] [if no, proceed to comprehension questions: if	your choice of domain name? [Yes/no/explain] Did you continue to register the domain name after the objection? [Yes/no/explain]		registrant audience: 1) those who have registered, 2) those who have tried but failed for whatever reason, 3) those who are interested but haven't tried.
(Claims Charter Question #3)	intended purpose? i. If not, is it intimidating,	you received a notice that said]	<ul> <li>To identify people who may not know what the specific name of the</li> </ul>		Comment [51]: 3 should be those who would consider it in the future (to deal w/overlap b/t 1 & 2)
	hard to understand, or otherwise inadequate? o If inadequate, how	How did you react to this notice: Show notice:	process they triggered is: If you have registered a domain name, have you received any other kind of trademark		<b>Comment [52]:</b> Also worth discussingpartly this is a comprehension issue, partly we may want UDRP data.
	can it be improved? ii. Does it inform domain	[Explain in your own words what you understand the	objection to your choice of a domain name? If yes, what was it? URS,	/	<b>Comment [53]:</b> Also worth discussingpartly this is a comprehension issue, partly we may want UDRP data.
	name applicants of the	notice to mean]	UDRP, letter from a lawyer, lawsuit,		Comment [54]: Seems central as a data question.
	scope and limitations of trademark holders'	[Ask more comprehension	don't know/not sure, something else	11	Deleted: [if no, terminate survey]
	rights?	questions: you may or may not have rights]	[fill in w/ survey expert consultation]		Comment [55]: Seems central as a data question.
	<ul> <li>If not, how can it be</li> </ul>	nave rights]			Comment [56]: Seems central as a data question.
	improved?		<ul> <li>Have you received a notice that</li> </ul>		Comment [57]: Seems central as a data question.
	iii. Are translations of the Trademark Claims Notice		said?		Deleted: <#>Have you received any kind of objection to your choice of a domain name?
					Deleted: If so, what type?

<sup>3</sup> Note the "follow on" question, as above.

26

Deleted: <#>Have you received any kind of objection to

...[9]

your choice of a domain name?

<ul> <li>(a) [if no, proceed to comprehension questions: if you received a notice that said],</li> <li>(a) ,</li> <li>(a) ,</li> <li>If, when registering your domain name, you decided to abandon the</li> </ul>		Deleted: If, when registering your domain, you received, for the first time, a notice with the following wording, didwould you: . <#>If, when registering your domain, you proceeded with the registration, is it because received a notice with the following wording, would you believed you were: [[10]
registration, is it because you believed; (a) <u>be</u> sued or be subject to an action to take the domain if you		Deleted: <#>If, when registering your domain, you           the registration, is it because received a notice with the           following wording, would you believed you were:
continued	///	Deleted: /why not? – anecdotal question]
(b) <u>someone else had a legal right to</u> the name		Deleted: received a notice with the following wording, would
(c) you had no legitimate or legal right	/ /	Deleted: you would
to the name, (d) it just seemed like too much	$\sim$ $/$	Deleted: definitely get
trouble to continue	and the second	Deleted: might or might not get sued
		Deleted: definitely would not get sued if you continued?
v		Deleted: [Why/why not? – anecdotal question]
Have you received such a notice on more than one occasion?		Deleted: <#>If, when registering your domain, you received a notice with the following wording, would you believe that: -
<ul> <li>If you received other notices, How did you react to the second (and other) notices?</li> </ul>		
[same options as above] v.v.v.v.v.v.v.v.v.v.v.v.v.v.v.v.v.v.v.		Deleted: (a). Having seen it before, proceeded with the registration without thinking about it much . <#>Having seen it before, abandoned the registration without thinking about it much
objection in writing or in email to your		Deleted: <#>Having seen it before, abandoned the without thinking about it much
<u>choice of a domain name?</u> <u>o If so, please describe i and your</u> reaction?		Deleted: What would you do if you received a notice with the following wording: .

	1	

Purpose & Scope	<b>Relevant Charter Question</b>	Sub Team's Suggested Draft Questions, Notes & Additional Guidance		
		Anecdotal Questions	Data Questions	
		sell merchandize, create communitie email addresses. In the last three years over 1000 new domains might be: city types (e.g., .ld (e.g., .club, .art, .vip, .shop, .blog, .ec NOTE: There are three potential path fall into more than one group and sh each group. (1) Actual new gTLD reg People who attempted new gTLD reg process; (3) People who would consi ("likely consumers"). Thus, someone	amples of domains are amazon.com, e called top-level domains. Is and organizations to put up web site is, publish blogs, and establish branded or domains have been introduced. These ondon, .nyc), generic types o). as for respondents. Respondents may ould be asked the relevant questions for istrants (see previous section). (2) gistration but did not complete the der registering a new gTLD in the future who tried multiple domain names in gistering one or more should be asked pts and their understanding as	
Obtain "more granular da about the percentage of those who abandoned registration attempts in	<ul> <li>Is the Trademark Claims service having any unintended consequences such as deterring good-</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Show notice: [Explain in your own words what you understand the notice to mean] [Ask more comprehension</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Have you ever registered a domain name?</li> <li>Do you plan on registering a domain name in the next year?</li> </ul>	

response to a notice based on dictionary terms versus *those who abandoned attempts in response to distinctive trademarks" (Claims Charter Question #1(b))	faith domain name applications? <sup>4</sup>	questions: you may or may not have rights] • Separate survey/inquiry of IBM and/or Analysis Group: data on past potential registrants who	<ul> <li>Would you consider one of these new domains?</li> <li>Have you attempted to register a domain name in one of these new domains?</li> <li>[if no to both, terminate surveye]</li> <li>The wording of this set of</li> </ul>	<b>Deleted:</b> How did you react to the second (and other) notices regarding objection to your choice of a domain name?
Show copy of Claims Notice to average Internet users who are likely to register a domain - to test understanding of the notice (in multiple languages, using languages into which the TMCH has translated its website) (Claims Charter Questions #1 & #3)	<ul> <li>Question 1: Is the Trademark Claims service having its intended effect? Consider the following questions specifically in the context both of a Claims Notice as well as a Notice of Registered Name:</li> <li>a. Is the Trademark Claims service having its intended effect of deterring bad- faith registrations and providing notice to domain name applicants?</li> <li>b. Is the Trademark Claims service having any unintended consequences, such as deterring good- faith domain name applications?</li> <li>Question 3:</li> <li>a. Does the Trademark Claims Notice to domain name</li> </ul>	didn't turn into registrants: those who received notices and did not proceed. See distribution of numbers who were trying for "hotel" and other top ten/top 100 results and numbers who were trying for "xerox"—mode is also a significant number	<ul> <li>questions should be discussed with the surveyor. We would like to present the language of the notice to people in all relevant groups (1-3) and ask comprehension questions. The questions should be as neutral and non-leading as possible. This may involve beginning with "explain in your own words" and then asking more directed questions about perceptions of legal rights and risks, as well as "what would you do next if you received the notice when you attempted to register?" (e.g., stop, continue, consult someone else, etc.) and "why?"</li> <li>Consider offering Hypothetical: Famous maker of computers, Horse, and scenarios at extremes such as horse.computers and horse.farm if consumer attempting to register these</li> </ul>	<b>Deleted:</b> If, when registering your domain, you received a notice with the following wording, would you believe you were:

 $^{\rm 4}$  Note the "follow on" question if the answer is Yes, as above.

	applicants meet its	received notice, what would they	
	•••		
	intended purpose?	do?	<b>Deleted:</b> [Consider some cells using examples: e.g., xerox.careers, apple.farms, chipotles.sucks—what would
	8,	• •	they do if they received notices?]
	hard to understand, or	•	<#>If you have registered a domain name, have you
	otherwise inadequate?		received any other kind of objection to your choice of a
	<ul> <li>If inadequate, how</li> </ul>		domain name? If yes, what was it? URS, UDRP, letter from
	can it be		a lawyer, lawsuit, don't know/not sure, something else [fill in w/ survey expert consultation]
	improved?	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	Have you received such a notice on more than one
	ii. Does it inform domain		occasion?
	name applicants of the		Deleted: <#>If you have registered a domain name, have
	scope and limitations		received any other kind of objection to your choice of a
	of trademark holders'		domain name? If yes, what was it? URS, UDRP, letter from
	rights?		a lawyer, lawsuit, don't know/not sure, something else [fill
	<ul> <li>If not, how can it</li> </ul>		in w/ survey expert consultation]
	be improved?		Have you received such a notice on more than one occasion?
	iii. Are translations of the		
	Trademark Claims		<b>Deleted:</b> Have you received such a notice on more than occasion?
	Notice effective in		
	informing domain		
	name applicants of the		
	scope and limitation of		
	trademark holders'		
	rights?		
b	. Should Claims Notifications		
	only be sent to registrants		
	who complete domain		
	name registrations, as		
	opposed to those who are		
	attempting to register		
	domain names that are		
	matches to entries in the		
	TMCH?		

Purpose & Scope	Relevant Charter Question	Sub Team's Suggested Draft Questions, Notes & Additional Guidance		
		Anecdotal Questions	Data Questions	
		Survey Introduction:		
Obtain feedback on Sunrise Charter Question #5 (mandatory vs. optional Sunrise and efficacy of 30- day mandatory minimum Sunrise period)	<ul> <li>a. Does the current 30-day minimum for a Sunrise Period serve its intended purpose, particularly in view of the fact that many registry operators actually ran a 60-day Sunrise Period?</li> <li>Are there any unintended results?</li> <li>Does the ability of Registry Operators to expand their Sunrise Periods create uniformity concerns that should be addressed by this WG?</li> <li>Are there any benefits observed when the Sunrise Period is extended beyond 30 days?</li> <li>Are there any disadvantages?</li> </ul>			

<ul> <li>b. In light of evidence gathered above, should the Sunrise Period continue to be mandatory or become optional?</li> <li>Should the WG</li> </ul>
consider returning to the original
recommendations
from the IRT and STI of Sunrise Period OR
Trademark Claims in
light of other concerns
including freedom of expression and fair use?
<ul> <li>In considering mandatory vs</li> </ul>
optional, should
Registry Operators be allowed to choose
between Sunrise and
Claims (that is, make ONE mandatory)?

#### **General Comments / Instructions for Survey Provider**

- Get as much empirical information as possible, but also give the opportunity for anecdotal follow-on questions.
- Enable respondents to provide more information by building in an entirely separate, non-mandatory additional field to elaborate on certain response. Not necessarily a full other survey, though.
- Allow respondents to skip certain questions and continue with the survey.
- General comments for Section 4-5 (Registrants / Potential Registrants)
  - When surveying this type of less sophisticated audience we should keep the survey short and keep away from open-ended questions and try to use multiple choice questions.
  - o Regarding outreach to the respondents -- one way is to engage the survey company; an alternative way would be to survey Registrars' customers, though that might be tricky. Need to consult with the survey provider on how to reach registrants.
  - To drive the cost down, perhaps limit the number of open-ended questions, since they are cost driver and someone has to categorize them.
  - o Let the survey provider decide where we off ramp or on ramp -- or not "off ramp" but being directed to questions that apply.

## **Glossary Table**

Term	Definition	Learn More
Applicant Guidebook (AGB)	An ICANN guidebook describing the requirements and the entire application and evaluation processes of applying for new generic top-level domains (gTLDs) in the 2012 New gTLD Program.	https://newgtlds.icann.org/en/applicants/agb
Approved Launch Program (ALP)	A program launched in November 2013 that allows the Registry Operator to conduct a registration program for its TLDs prior to the start date of their Sunrise Period.	http://newgtlds.icann.org/en/about/tradema rk-clearinghouse/launch-applicationprocess- 12nov13-en.pdf
Cease and Desist Letter	A document sent to an individual or business to stop purportedly illegal activity ("cease") and to not restart later ("desist").	
Community Top-Level Domain	A Community TLD is a regulated type of gTLD made possible through ICANN's New gTLD Program. It is intended for community groups that are interested in operating their own TLD registry. The term "Community" should be interpreted broadly, including an economic sector, a cultural community, or a linguistic community. Community groups are given precedence for TLDs in contention. If there are multiple applicants for a given string, and one applicant applies and proves community status, the community group is automatically given precedence to the TLD.	https://newgtlds.icann.org/en/applicants/cpe
Cybersquatting	Cybersquatting is generally bad faith	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/cybe

	registration of another's trademark in a domain name. It is the action of attempting to profit by purchasing domain names made of marketable and trademark related terms, and later reselling or licensing those names back to the companies that developed the trademark.	rsquatting-2013-05-03-en
End Date Sunrise	It is a type of Sunrise registration. The Registry has no advance notice requirement to trademark owners but must provide the Sunrise registration service for a minimum of 60 calendar days prior to General Registration, and must not use a time-based allocation method (e.g., first come, first served). At the end of the period, all the claims are registered by the Registry and auctions are conducted if there is more than one claim for the same domain. The majority of registries who have launched to date have offered an End-Date Sunrise.	
Exact Match	A domain name label is an identical match to the trademark, meaning that the label must consist of the complete and identical textual elements of the trademark in accordance with section 4.2.1 of the Trademark Clearinghouse Guidelines. For example, if the Trademark Holder's trademark is AB, then the domain name label that is applicable must be AB for it to be deemed an Exact Match. If the Trademark Holder's Trademark label is èé, then the identical label is èé and not ee.	http://www.trademark- clearinghouse.com/sites/default/files/files/do wnloads/TMCH%20guidelines%20v1.0%20_1. pdf#page=18

			1
Founders' Program	Some new gTLD registries (e.g., .BANK, .BLOG, .EARTH) offered up some of their "premium" domain names to companies that wanted to develop a business or website using one of their domain names prior the public launch. In some cases, domain names were given away for free if specific requirements and hurdles were met. In other cases, reserved domain names were sold.	https://domaininvesting.com/find-founders- program/	Comment [62]: Not an official definition
General Availability (GA)	GA is the period when, during the introduction of a new TLD, registration becomes open to the public. During this period, which follows the Sunrise Period, applications may be submitted for registration.		
Geographic Top-Level Domain (GeoTLD)	GeoTLD is a TLD category denoting geographical, geopolitical, ethnic, linguistic, or cultural community. Examples include .london, .asia, .cat.	https://ccnso.icann.org/en/workinggroups/cc wg-unct.htm	
Internationalized Domain Name (IDN)	IDNs are domain names that include characters used in the local representation of languages that are not written with the twenty-six letters of the basic Latin alphabet "a-z" and the "0-9" digits (they are termed "ASCII characters" ASCII = American Standard Code for Information Interchange). An IDN can contain Latin letters with diacritical marks, as required by many European languages, or may consist of characters from non-Latin scripts such as	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/idn- 2012-02-25-en	

	Arabic or Chinese.	
Limited Registration Period (LRP)	LRP is voluntary service provided by registries. It is intended to provide additional flexibility for registration of domain names to a closed group, based on Sunrise-like periods other than trademark rights. LRP must have registration restrictions limiting domain names from being generally available to all domain name registrants who may be otherwise qualified to register domain names within that new gTLD.	
Premium Names	A registry operator may reserve certain premium names for later release (after the Sunrise Period) at its sole discretion. Registry Operators may classify generic terms as premium names, and, in that event, such names are not available for registration during the Sunrise period even if they are the subject of a trademark record.	
Pre-Order / Pre-Registration	New gTLD registries offer opportunities for potential registrants to reserve a specific domain name after the Sunrise Period and before General Availability when any qualifying entity in the public can register any name. Some domains can be pre-registered / pre-ordered at varying price points, similar to an auction. Some pre-registrations are accepted on a first-come, first-served basis. Pre-Registration is available to everyone, and there are no trademark requirements.	Comment [63]: Not an official definition.

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neui	IIIC	CUDVI	

Proof of Use	Proof of use allows a trademark owner to participate in Sunrise periods when attempting to register domain names with new gTLDs. To verify the proof of use of trademarks, trademark owners must submit a declaration stating that the trademark is indeed being used as the trademark owner says it is. Examples to show that the mark is in use include an advertisement and/or a branded product.	https://newgtlds.icann.org/en/about/tradem ark-clearinghouse/faqs
Qualified Launch Program (QLP)	A program launched in April 2014 that allows registries to register up to 100 domain names to third parties prior to Sunrise, for purposes of promoting the TLD, under certain conditions.	https://newgtlds.icann.org/en/about/tradem ark-clearinghouse/rpm-requirements-qlp- addendum-10apr14-en.pdf
Name Collision	A name collision occurs when an attempt to resolve a name used in a private name space (e.g. under a non-delegated TLD, or a short, unqualified name) results in a query to the public Domain Name System (DNS). When the administrative boundaries of private and public namespaces overlap, name resolution may yield unintended or harmful results. The introduction of any new domain name into the DNS, whether a generic TLD, country code TLD, or second-level domain name, creates the potential for name collision.	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/nam e-collision-2013-12-06-en
New Generic Top-Level Domain (gTLD)	When you type a web address, it usually ends with .com, .net, .org, and so on. These labels are called the generic Top-Level Domains (gTLDs). Before 1998, the domain namespace	https://newgtlds.icann.org/en/

	consisted of only eight gTLDs and over 250 ccTLDs – the top-level domains associated with countries and territories. After 2000, this digital landscape started to change. That year, ICANN introduced seven new gTLDs including .biz, .info, and .museum; in 2004, eight more, including .asia, .travel, and .xxx, were made available. Based on the results of these two trial rounds, ICANN communities produced a set of principles and recommendations on implementing new gTLDs over 18-month long policy discussions. After the adoption of this policy, the New gTLD Program was officially launched in 2012, commencing a massive expansion of the Internet. More than 1,930 new gTLD applications were received from around the world, and as of today, over 1,200 new gTLDs have been delegated.	
Notification of Registered Name (NORN)	Notifications sent by the TMCH to a trademark holder during a Sunrise Period or Trademark Claims Period that a domain name has been registered that matches labels for one of the trademark holder's Trademark Records.	
Registrant	Individuals or organizations that apply for one or more domain names with a registry. Also, a domain name registrant is the person or organization who has registered the domain name. Some domain name registrants may be trademark holders.	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/regi strant-rights-2013-09-16-en and https://whois.icann.org/en/domain-name- registration-process

Registrar	Registrars are entities that interface with a domain name registrant to register or maintain the registration of domain names in a top-level domain (TLD). In existing TLDs, domain registrants use any of the approximately 1,000 ICANN accredited registrars to register and maintain their registrations of domain names.	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/regi strars-0d-2012-02-25-en
Registration Agreement	A registry operator of a top-level domain must enter a contract, which is termed Registry Agreement (RA), with ICANN in order to operate and maintain a generic TLD (gTLD). Through the Registry Agreement, ICANN designates a registry operator as the registry operator for a particular TLD, subject to the requirements and necessary approvals for delegation of the TLD and entry into the root zone. The Registry Agreement is subject to changes by consensus policy that has been developed through the GNSO's Policy Development Process (PDP).	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/regi stries/registries-agreements-en
Registry	Registries are the contracted parties that manage TLDs through authority delegated to them by ICANN. Registries selected in the new gTLD program are mandated to use Clearinghouse services to ensure a minimum level of protection for trademark rights.	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/regi stries/registries-en
Registry Operator	The entity entering into the Registry Agreement with ICANN, responsible for setting up and maintaining the operation of the registry.	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/regi stries/registries-en

Reserved Names	A registry operator may reserve a domain	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/rese	 Comment [64]: Are reserved names the same as
	name from registration as allowed by Specification 9, Registry Operator Code of Conduct, Section 1(b), of the New gTLD Registry Agreement.	<u>rved-2013-07-08-en</u>	premium names?
Restricted Top-Level Domain	A restricted TLD is a top-level domain whose registration is limited to people or entities that satisfy certain criteria. Both generic TLDs and country code TLDs can have restriction. It is up to the TLD's registry to implement registrictions and decide on the criteria for those restrictions.		Comment [65]: Are restricted TLDs part of the reserved names? Comment [66]: Not an official definition.
Rights Protection Mechanisms (RPMs)	The RPMs refer to those policies and processes developed to provide workable mechanisms for trademark owners to either prevent or remedy certain unauthorized uses of their trademarks at the second level of gTLDs. As the longest standing RPM, the Uniform Dispute Resolution Policy (UDRP) has been an ICANN Consensus Policy since 1999. As part of the 2012 New gTLD Program, additional RPMs were developed subsequently to supplement the UDRP: 1) the Trademark Clearinghouse (TMCH) and the associated Sunrise and Trademark Claims services, 2) the Uniform Rapid Suspension procedure (URS), and 3) the Trademark Post- Delegation Dispute Resolution Procedure (TM-PDDRP).	https://gnso.icann.org/en/issues/new- gtlds/rpm-final-issue-11jan16-en.pdf https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/rpm -drp-2017-10-04-en	
Start-Date Sunrise	This is another type Sunrise registration. Registry must provide the service for a		

	minimum of 30 calendar days prior to General Registration and must provide 30 calendar days' notice prior to the start of the Sunrise period. Trademark-related domains are registered on first-come, first-served (or other) basis.	
Statement of Non-Infringement	A party may apply to the court for a declaration that an act does not, or a proposed act would not, constitute an infringement of a patent. It must be shown that, prior to seeking the declaration, that party has applied in writing to the proprietor for a written acknowledgement to the effect of the declaration claimed, and has furnished with full particulars in writing of the act in question, and the proprietor has refused or failed to give any such acknowledgement.	https://www.lexology.com/library/detail.aspx ?g=3c3029bc-b633-4f9d-8377-a4a412bf5702
Sunrise Period	The Sunrise Period is a pre-launch phase providing trademark owners, whose trademarks have been validated by the TMCH, with an opportunity to register domain names corresponding to their marks in the new gTLD before registration is generally available to the public. The Sunrise Period is mandatory in all new gTLDs with a minimum period of at least 30 days.	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/sdrp -2013-10-31-en
Trademark Claims	A service that generates real-time notice to someone attempting to register a domain name if it matches a trademark in the Trademark Clearinghouse. It also notifies trademark holders when domain names are	https://newgtlds.icann.org/en/announcemen ts-and-media/announcement-09sep13-en

	registered that match marks in the Clearinghouse. It is a mandatory service in all new gTLDs.	
Trademark Claims Period	The Trademark Claims Period follows the Sunrise Period and runs for at least the first 90 days of general registration for a new gTLD. During this period, anyone attempting to register a domain name matching a trademark record of a trademark holder that has been verified by TMCH will receive a notification displaying the relevant mark information. If the notified party goes ahead and registers the domain name, the TMCH will send a notice to those trademark holders with matching records in the Clearinghouse, informing them that someone has registered the domain name.	https://newgtlds.icann.org/en/about/tradem ark-clearinghouse/faqs
Trademark Claims Notice	It is a notice sent by ICANN-accredited registrars to anyone attempting to register a domain name matching a mark that is recorded in the Trademark Clearinghouse. The notice must be in the form specified in the TMCH Rights Protection Mechanism Requirements, and sent in real time and in English.	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/tm- claims-2014-01-29-en
Trademark Clearinghouse (TMCH)	The TMCH is the central repository for verified brands for the purpose of protecting brands in ICANN's 2012 new gTLD program. The TMCH consists of two primary functions: (i) the authentication of contact information and verification of Trademark Records and (ii)	http://www.trademark-clearinghouse.com/ https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-regext- tmch-func-spec-03

	the storage of such Trademark Records in a database in order to provide information to the new gTLD registries to support the providing of Notification of Registered Name. Deloitte has been appointed by ICANN to provide the Clearinghouse Verification Services, a part of the Trademark Clearinghouse.	
Uniform Domain-Name Dispute-Resolution (UDRP)	All ICANN-accredited registrars must follow the UDRP. Under this policy, disputes over entitlement to a domain-name registration are ordinarily resolved by court litigation between the parties claiming rights to the registration. Once the courts rule who is entitled to the registration, the registrar will implement that ruling. In disputes arising from registrations allegedly made abusively, UDRP provides an expedited administrative procedure to allow the dispute to be resolved without the cost and delays often encountered in court litigation. In these cases, a complaint can be filed with one of the dispute-resolution service providers to invoke the administrative procedure.	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/help /dndr/udrp-en
Uniform Rapid Suspension (URS)	A Rights Protection Mechanism, modeled on the UDRP, aims to provide trademark holder with a fast and reasonably inexpensive way to obtain the suspension of a domain name that was registered and used in bad faith.	https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/urs- 2014-01-09-en         https://newgtlds.icann.org/en/applicants/urs/pr ocedure-01mar13-en.pdf         https://newgtlds.icann.org/en/applicants/urs/rul es-28jun13-en.pdf

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Page 2: [1] Deleted	Ariel Liang	12/1/17 10:07:00 PM		
Did you reserve domain na	ames that you knew were trademarks?			
If so, were those reserved names $\circ$	s also "dictionary" words?			
Page 11: [2] Deleted	Susan Payne	1/21/18 12:49:00 PM		
	e of the commencement of Sunrises? Irding changes/extension of the Sunrise tern	n[1]?		
Page 17: [3] Deleted	Ariel Liang	1/11/18 11:30:00 AM		
	de not to seek Sunrise Period registration du you paid? If you remember the price, please xplained to you?	•		
Page 17: [4] Deleted	Ariel Liang	12/11/17 6:19:00 PM		
Are you aware of any other trademark registration owners who have decided not to apply to register their trademarks as domain names during Sunrise Periods due to the price of registration? If so, how many of these trademark owners are you aware of?				
Page 19: [5] Deleted	Michael Graham	12/15/17 5:19:00 PM		
O       Michael Graham       1/11/18 9:21:00 AM         What benefits have you observed when a Sunrise Period is extended beyond 30 days?[3]         What disadvantages have you observed when a Sunrise Period is extended beyond 30 days?				
-				
-		eyond 30 days?		
What disadvantages have you of  Page 22: [7] Deleted How many of these NORNS letter? What action did you ta What response did you Was it resolved? What How many times did the apits application as a result of How many times did the apits application? How many URS, UDRP or o and desist letter that refuse cybersquatting or bad faith	Ariel Liang Ariel Liang S Claims Notices did[4] you follow with some ake? u get? Are you satisfied? If so, why? If not, we t was the resolution? oplicant to whom you sent a cease and desist f your cease and desist letter? oplicant to whom you sent a cease and desist of ther actions did you file against applicants to sed to abandon their applications based on I a[5]? did the applicant abandon its application pri-	2 1/16/18 6:42:00 PM 1/16/18 6:42:00 PM e action a cease and desist why not? st letter agree to abandon st letter refuse to abandon o whom you sent a cease likelihood of confusion,		
What disadvantages have you of  Page 22: [7] Deleted How many of these NORNS letter? What action did you ta What response did you Was it resolved? What a tresolved? What How many times did the apits application as a result of How many times did the apits application? How many URS, UDRP or o and desist letter that refuse cybersquatting or bad faith In how many such actions of In how many s	Ariel Liang Ariel Liang S Claims Notices did[4] you follow with some ake? u get? Are you satisfied? If so, why? If not, we t was the resolution? oplicant to whom you sent a cease and desist f your cease and desist letter? oplicant to whom you sent a cease and desist of ther actions did you file against applicants to sed to abandon their applications based on I a[5]? did the applicant abandon its application pri-	2 1/16/18 6:42:00 PM 1/16/18 6:42:00 PM e action a cease and desist why not? st letter agree to abandon st letter refuse to abandon o whom you sent a cease likelihood of confusion,		

Page 26: [9] Deleted         Kurt Pritz         12/15/17 1:27:00 AN	M
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Have you received any kind of objection to your choice of a domain name? If so, what type? [ask more questions][10]

Page 28: [10] Deleted	Rivka T	12/15/17 4:29:00 PM
If, when registering your do	omain, you received, for the first time, a	notice with the following
wording, didwould you:		
proceed with the regis	tration without thinking about it much	
thinkformation		
abandon the registration	on about the notice and carefully consic	ler whether you should
continue with the regis	stration	
seek additional inform	ation	
abandon the registration		
(a)		
Page 28: [11] Deleted	Rivka T	12/15/17 4:28:00 PM
If, when registering your do	main, you proceeded with the registrati	on, is it because received a
notice with the following wo	ording, would you believed you were:	
legally allowed to conti	nue with the registration	
other?		
(a)		
Page 28: [12] Deleted	Kurt Pritz	12/15/17 1:37:00 AM
If, when registering your do	omain, you received a notice with the fo	llowing wording, would you
believe that:		
you had a legal right to	continue with the registration	
you might or might not	have a legal right to continue with the	registration
you had no legal right t	o continue with the registration?	
[Why/why not? – anecdotal quest	tion]	
Page 28: [13] Deleted	Kurt Pritz	12/15/17 1:28:00 AM
What would you do if you r	accived a nation with the following way	
	eceived a notice with the following wor	ding:
continue with the regis	_	ding:
continue with the regis not continue with the r	tration	ding:
	tration registration	ding:
not continue with the r	tration registration who]	ding:
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explair	tration registration who]	-
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explair	tration registration who] ŋ]	-
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explair [Consider some cells using examp	tration registration who] ŋ]	-
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explair [Consider some cells using examp do if they received notices? Page 31: [14] Deleted	tration registration who] n] oles: e.g., xerox.careers, apple.farms, chi <b>Rebecca Tushnet</b>	potles.sucks—what would they 2/11/18 9:14:00 PM
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explain [Consider some cells using examp do if they received notices? Page 31: [14] Deleted If, when registering your do	tration registration who] n] oles: e.g., xerox.careers, apple.farms, chi	potles.sucks—what would they 2/11/18 9:14:00 PM
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explain [Consider some cells using examp do if they received notices? Page 31: [14] Deleted If, when registering your do believe you were:	tration registration who] n] oles: e.g., xerox.careers, apple.farms, chi <b>Rebecca Tushnet</b> omain, you received a notice with the fo	potles.sucks—what would they 2/11/18 9:14:00 PM
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explair [Consider some cells using examp do if they received notices? Page 31: [14] Deleted If, when registering your do believe you were: legally allowed to conti	tration registration who] n] oles: e.g., xerox.careers, apple.farms, chi <b>Rebecca Tushnet</b> omain, you received a notice with the fo	potles.sucks—what would they 2/11/18 9:14:00 PM
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explair [Consider some cells using examp do if they received notices? Page 31: [14] Deleted If, when registering your do believe you were: legally allowed to conti not legally allowed to co	registration who] n] oles: e.g., xerox.careers, apple.farms, chi <b>Rebecca Tushnet</b> omain, you received a notice with the fo inue with the registration continue	potles.sucks—what would they 2/11/18 9:14:00 PM
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explain [Consider some cells using examp do if they received notices? Page 31: [14] Deleted If, when registering your do believe you were: legally allowed to conti not legally allowed to conti not be sure if you were	tration registration who] ] oles: e.g., xerox.careers, apple.farms, chi <b>Rebecca Tushnet</b> omain, you received a notice with the fo inue with the registration continue e legally allowed to continue?	potles.sucks—what would they 2/11/18 9:14:00 PM
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explain [Consider some cells using examp do if they received notices? Page 31: [14] Deleted If, when registering your do believe you were: legally allowed to conti not legally allowed to conti not be sure if you were [Why/why not? – anecdotal	tration registration who] n] oles: e.g., xerox.careers, apple.farms, chi <b>Rebecca Tushnet</b> omain, you received a notice with the for inue with the registration continue e legally allowed to continue? question]	ipotles.sucks—what would they 2/11/18 9:14:00 PM Illowing wording, would you
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explain [Consider some cells using examp do if they received notices? Page 31: [14] Deleted If, when registering your do believe you were: legally allowed to conti not legally allowed to conti not legally allowed to conti lot be sure if you were [Why/why not? – anecdotal If, when registering your do	tration registration who] ] oles: e.g., xerox.careers, apple.farms, chi <b>Rebecca Tushnet</b> omain, you received a notice with the fo inue with the registration continue e legally allowed to continue?	ipotles.sucks—what would they 2/11/18 9:14:00 PM Illowing wording, would you
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explain [Consider some cells using examp do if they received notices? Page 31: [14] Deleted If, when registering your do believe you were: legally allowed to conti not legally allowed to conti not legally allowed to conti legally allowed to conti not be sure if you were [Why/why not? – anecdotal If, when registering your do believe you would:	tration registration who] ] oles: e.g., xerox.careers, apple.farms, chi <b>Rebecca Tushnet</b> omain, you received a notice with the for inue with the registration continue e legally allowed to continue? question] main, you received a notice with the fol	ipotles.sucks—what would they 2/11/18 9:14:00 PM Illowing wording, would you
not continue with the r consult someone else [ something else [explair [Consider some cells using examp do if they received notices? Page 31: [14] Deleted If, when registering your do believe you were: legally allowed to conti not legally allowed to conti not legally allowed to conti legally allowed to conti not be sure if you were [Why/why not? – anecdotal lf, when registering your do	tration registration who] n] oles: e.g., xerox.careers, apple.farms, chi <b>Rebecca Tushnet</b> omain, you received a notice with the for inue with the registration continue e legally allowed to continue? question] main, you received a notice with the fol ou continued	ipotles.sucks—what would they 2/11/18 9:14:00 PM Illowing wording, would you

definitely would not get sued if you continued?

[Why/why not? –[11] Anecdotal Question]

If, when registering your domain, you received a notice with the following wording, would you believe that:

you had a legal right to continue with the registration?

you might or might not have a legal right to continue with the registration?

you had no legal right to continue with the registration?

[Why/why not? – anecdotal question]

What would you do if you received a notice with the following wording:

continue with the registration

not continue with the registration

consult someone else [who]

something else [explain]