Common Symbols

Multiple languages include very common graphemes such as a vertical line, a circle, and a crescent. Here is what is in the MSR.

Vertical line

This includes, for completeness, both long lines (e.g. Latin Small Letter L) and short lines (e.g. Latin Small Dotless I). :

l 006C Latin Small Letter L

ı 0131 Latin Small Letter Dotless I

ӏ 04CF Cyrillic Small Letter Palochka

ו 05D5 Hebrew Letter Vav

ا 0627 Arabic Letter Alef

ା 0B3E Oriya Vowel Sign Aa

丨 4E28 (CJK Unified Ideograph)

In addition, there are a number of code points which differ from a vertical line by an amount comparable to the serifs in some Latin fonts:

ι 03B7 Greek Small Letter Iota

ा 093E Devanagari Vowel Sign Aa

ા 0ABE Gujarti Vowel Sign Aa

ၢ 1062 Myanmar Vowel Sign Sgaw Karen Eu

ႃ 1083 Myanmar Vowel Sign Shan Aa

Circle (Note, does not include symbols with obvious corners, e.g. ם U+05DD and 囗 56D7)

o 006F Latin Small Letter O

ο 03BF Greek Small Letter Omicron

о 043E Cyrillic Small Letter O

օ 0585 Armenian Small Letter Oh

ס 05E1 Hebrew Letter Samekh

ଠ 0B20 Oriya Letter Ttha

ం 0C02 Telugu Sign Anusvara

ಂ 0C82 Kannada Sign Anusvara

ം 0D02 Malayalam Sign Anusvara

ഠ 0D20 Malayalam Letter Tta

ං 0D82 Sinhala Sign Anusvaraya

ဝ 101D Myanmar Letter Wa

ዐ 12D0 Ethiopic Syllable Pharyngeal A

Crescent

c 0053 Latin Small Letter C

с 0441 Cyrillic Small Letter ES

ເ 0EC0 Lao Vowel Sign E

င 1004 Myanmar Letter Nga

Also there are crescents opening on the other side (but not including those opening up or down, e.g. റ 0D31, ი 10D8 and ပ 1015, since Latin doesn’t use those).

ɔ 0254 Latin Small Open O

ാ 0D3E Malaylam Vowel Sign Aa

ວ 0EA7 Lao Letter Wo

ာ 102C Myanmar Vowel Sign Aa